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 SECURITY INFORMATION
 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
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 FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS

REPORT

CD NO.

STAT

COUNTRY China

DATE OF
INFORMATION 1952

SUBJECT Scientific - Medicine, tissue therapy

HOW
PUBLISHED Monthly periodical

DATE DIST. 24 Feb 1953

WHERE
PUBLISHED Moscow

NO. OF PAGES 1

DATE
PUBLISHED Dec 1952

LANGUAGE Russian

SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

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SOURCE Priroda, Vol XLI, No 12, p 90.TISSUE THERAPY IN CHINA

Li Ken-min

A year has passed since the application of tissue therapy was widely introduced in the People's Republic of China, according to a decree issued by the Ministry of Public Health of the Central People's Government. During this time, the advantages of the method discovered by Soviet scientists and its favorable therapeutic effect have been fully proved.

According to incomplete data, during one year, out of 52,000 patients who were subjected to tissue therapy, 36,000 recovered. Until recent times, there were no clinically effective therapeutic agents for the treatment of certain diseases from which these patients suffered. Tissue therapy has gained the confidence of the mass of the people and the methods and technique of applying this type of therapy are comparatively simple. The range of application of tissue therapy is very broad: beginning with ophthalmology [general] therapy, surgery, dermatology, otorhinolaryngology, gynecology, and ending with pediatrics. Investigations of the method of transplantation of cornea worked on by the physician Shi Tsun-Yun, experiments for the application of tissue therapy in cases of frost-bite which have been carried out at the Chinese Medical Institute, clinical observations on the treatment of leprosy, and many other experiments carried out by Chinese medical men have given completely satisfactory results.

At the same time, Chinese scientists have reached a degree of success in advancing further the theory of tissue therapy. For example, they have made experiments relating to the effect of biogenic stimulants on the formation of blood; investigation of modifications of organs after the introduction of biogenic stimulants; preliminary communications on morphological changes of tissue, frozen at temperatures minus 2 to 4 degrees centigrade; work the effect of tissue therapy on enzymes; and particularly the studies of the effect of placenta tissue in the form of a liquid preparation on the rate of regeneration of nerves after injury.

Although all these investigations are still being checked, they form the basis for further development of the science of tissue therapy.

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